

## Guía de estudio para trabajarla en casa

Ingles

Ambientes sociales de aprendizaje: Familiar y comunitario

Actividad comunicativa: Intercambios asociados a propósitos específicos

**Práctica social del lenguaje:** Intercambia opiniones sobre actividades en su vida cotidiana (individual y en compañía)

#### Aprendizaje esperados:

- Escucha y revisa diálogos sobre actividades cotidianas
- Entiende el sentido general y las ideas principales
- Intercambia información sobre actividades cotidianas
- Repasa temas vistos previamente para reforzar el conocimiento

Activity 1. Write the first letter and find the secret animal. (Escribe la primera letra y encuentra animal secreto).



Activity 2. Write, draw and find the number. (Escribe, dibuja y encuentra el número).



Activity 3. Read the code and find the secret phrase. (Lee el código y encuentra la frase secre

#### A=1 C=2 E=3 H=4 K=5 O=6 P=7 R=8 T=9 Y=10

two six eight five ten, nine four three seven one eight eight six nine

Activity 4. Look, count and write. (Mira, cuenta y escribe)



Activity 5. Write. (Escribe los objetos en singular o plural)

Sir	ngular	PI	ural	
1 1	kite	1	kites	
2	cherry	2	cherries	
0 3	alligator	3		
4		4	potatoes	
5	tree	5		
6		6	toys	5
7	brush	7		A'nd
8	*****	8	dresses	22
9	apple	9	apples	3
10		10	boys	1
11	tomato	11		~
12		12	watches	



• • • Grammar	corner
When we speak w The short form of	ve can use the short form of the verb.
The short form of	you are is you're. 😐
🗢 We make a questi	on by putting the verb first (Am, Are)
and the personal j	pronoun (I, you) next.
The short form of	you are is you're.
l am	Am I?
You are	Are you?
We make the neg	ative by putting not after am or are.
I am not a bird.	You are not a ballerina.
The short forms a	re I'm not and you aren't.
I'm not a bird.	You're not a ballerina.
and a full stop at t	ce with a capital letter at the beginning he end. When it is a question, we write t the end instead of a full stop.

**Activity 6.** Look, read and write. (Observa, lee y escribe – Pregunta y responde positivo y negativo de acuerdo al pronombre y con su verbo to be)



Activity 7. Write. (Escribe las oraciones positive o negative (Pronombre + verbo to be + complemento))

11/Dave		l am Dave.	51/good	7	
2 you / silly	X	You are not silly.	6 you / ten	1	
31/seven	5		7   / sad	X	
4 you / fat	X		8 you / a bird	?	

Activity 8. Ask and answer. (Pregunta y responde – recuerda como se elabora la pregunta)

1 I / a ballerina?	Am I a ballerina?	Yes, you are.
2 you / a bird?		No,
3 1 / eight?		Yes,
4 you / a teacher?		Yes,
5 I / good?		No,

## He, she, it is (question, negative)



Activity 9. Look and write. (Observa y ecribe – complete los dialogos en forma positiva, negative o pregunta, según corresponda)



Activity 10. Write. (Escribe la oración en forma correcta, usando la negación)

1 Dave's short.	No, Dave isn't short.	He's	tall.
2 The bike is yellow.	No, the bike		black.
3 Zoe is happy.	No,		sad.
4 The man is fat.			thin.
5 The pen is blue.			red.
6 The sheep is big.			small.

Activity 11. Ask and answer. (Pregunta y contesta)

1 Bon John / a good singer?	Is Bon John a good singer?	No, he isn't.
2 Zoe / eight?		Yes,
3 Dave / short?		No,
4 the CD / new?	*****	Yes,
5 Zoe / happy?		No,
6 the classroom / big?		Yes,

# We, you, they are (question, negative)



Affirmative	Negative	Questio	n – short answers
l am (l'm) you are (you're) he is (he's) she is (she's) it is (it's) we are (we're) you are (you're) they are (they're)	I am not (I'm not) you are not (you're not) he is not (he isn't) she is not (she isn't) it is not (it isn't) we are not (we aren't) you are not (you aren't) they are not (they aren't)	Is he? Is she? Is it? Are we? Are you?	Yes, you are. / No, you aren't Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. Yes, he is. / No, he isn't. Yes, she is. / No, she isn't. Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. Yes, we are. / No, we aren't. Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.

Grammar corner For a lot of men, women, children, animals or things we use the personal pronoun they. When we speak we can use the short form of the verb. The short forms of we are, you are, they are, are we're, you're, they're. anti-To make a question we put the verb Are first and then the personal pronoun (we, you, they). We are. Are we? You are. Are you? They are. Are they? We can use a short form of the negative to answer 'no' to a question. Are they hungry? No, they aren't. But we do not use a short form to answer 'yes' to a question. Yes, we're. X Are you eight? Yes, we are. Are they friends? Yes, they are. Yes, they're. X

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Activity 12. Look, read and write. (Observa, lee y escribe – Pregunta y responde positivo y negativo de acuerdo al pronombre y con su verbo to be)



Activity 13. Write. (Escribe la oración de la forma correcta incluyendo el verbo to be correspondiente y despues sustituye a las personas u objeto con su pronombre)

1 Brian and Zoe / hungry	Brian and Zoe are hungry.	They are hungry.
2 Zoe / not fat		
3 My friend and I / happy		
4 The new CD / not bad		
5 Dave, Zoe and Brian / friends		
6 The cats / small		

#### Activity 14. Ask and Answer. (Pregunta y responde)

1 you / a singer?	Are you a singer?	Yes, I am.
2 they / tall?		No,
3 Zoe / a ballerina?		Yes,
4 it / an elephant?		No,
5 we / good?		Yes,
6 Dave / short?		No,